



Valuation vs. Pricing Actuarial Methodology

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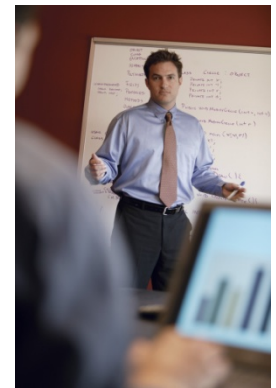
"Securing tomorrow's pensions today."

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Today's Presentation

- Valuation Methodology
- Pricing Methodology
 - Complexity
 - Group size
 - Sensitivity
 - Materiality



How We Perform The Annual Valuations

- Pull together all the data
 - Participant
 - Asset
- Update our software
 - Program law changes
 - Make corrections if necessary
 - Incorporate assumption and method changes
- Review the results
 - How have things changed from last year's numbers?
 - Happens along the way



Principles Of The Valuation

- Funding method and assumptions laid out in statute, adopted by the Board
- Includes all plan provisions
- Includes all plan participants
- Have about a year to produce





We've Got A Pricing

- How much does it cost to . . . ?
- It depends
 - What's the benefit?
 - Who's impacted?
 - When's the effective date?
 - Who's paying for it?



Do The Valuation Principles Apply?

- Funding method and assumptions laid out in statute, adopted by the Board?
 - Yes - for how the supplemental rates work with the basic rates
 - No - for determining the supplemental rates
 - Currently you rely on your actuary
- Includes all plan provisions?
 - No - usually only a select few
- Includes all plan participants?
 - Yes - retirement age/death and disability benefits
 - No - Fish and Wildlife
- Have about a year to produce?
 - Hardly - could be a portion of the Interim or just a few days during session





- [illegible]





Complexity

- Are there a lot of moving parts?
 - Transfers from other plans
 - Fish and Wildlife
 - Cross-over benefits - death and disability
 - Occupational diseases
- Have we done a pricing like this before?
 - Was it audited?
- What data do we have/need?
- How long will it take to complete?
 - Available resources and competing LEOFF 2 projects





Group Size

- Large group pricings give us more latitude when setting assumptions and methods
 - Law of large numbers improves accuracy
 - 17,000 actives in LEOFF 2
 - Use valuation software
- Small group pricings take some tools out of our kit
 - Can't rely on law of large numbers
 - Use individual methods and assumptions





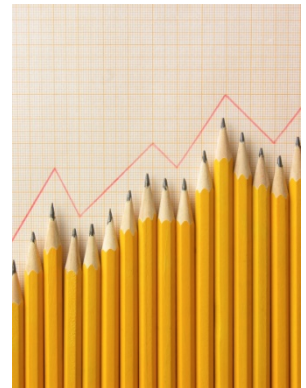
Group Size Example – No Pre-Retirement Mortality

- Let's assume 100 members all have a 0.5 percent chance of dying in a given year
- What's a better strategy over a 30-year period?
 - Strategy A: Assume no one dies each year
 - Strategy B: Assume the expected value of deaths – half a death each year



Sensitivity

- Do the results change significantly when we vary a key assumption a small amount?
- Do the costs move in the direction we expect?
- Are we on the right side of the risk?
 - What happens to the plan if we're wrong?





Materiality

- Materiality has several meanings for actuaries
- Does this pricing result in a supplemental rate?
- Is the pricing close to the rounding threshold?
 - \$1.54 million increase in liability results in a 0.01 percent member and 0.01 percent local government supplemental rate
 - Based on 2007 Actuarial Valuation Report
 - Threshold increases each year with salaries
 - 0.01%/0.01%/0.00% => Member/Local Gov/State

Supplemental*	Liability Increase Range (Dollars in Millions)
0/0/0	\$0.00 - \$1.54
1/1/0	\$1.54 - \$4.62
2/1/1	\$4.62 - \$7.70

**Assumes only a liability change with no change in salaries.*



Next Steps

- Did I leave you wanting more?





Questions?

